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not have original classification authority originates or develops information that requires immediate classification and safeguarding, and no authorized classifier is available, that person shall:

- (1) Safeguard the information in a manner appropriate for its classification level;
- (2) Apply the appropriate overall classification markings; and
- (3) Within five working days, securely transmit the information to the organization that has appropriate subject matter interest and classification authority.
- (b) When it is not clear which Department organization would be the appropriate original classifier, the information shall be sent to the Department Security Officer to determine the appropriate organization.
- (c) The organization with classification authority shall decide within 30 days whether to classify information.

§ 17.24 Duration of classification.

- (a) At the time of original classification, original classification authorities shall attempt to establish a specific date or event for declassification not more than 10 years from the date of the original decision based on the duration of the national security sensitivity of the information. If the original classification authority cannot determine an earlier specific date or event for declassification, the information shall be marked for declassification 10 years from the date of the original decision.
- (b) At the time of original classification, an original classification authority may exempt specific information from declassification within 10 years in accordance with section 1.6(d) of Executive Order 12958.
- (c) An original classification authority may extend the duration of classification or reclassify specific information for successive periods not to exceed 10 years at a time if such action is consistent with the standards and procedures established under, and subject to the limitations of, Executive Order 12958.

§17.25 Identification and markings.

(a) Classified information must be marked pursuant to the standards set

forth in section 1.7 of Executive Order 12958; ISOO implementing directives in 32 CFR 2001, subpart B; and internal Department of Justice direction provided by the Department Security Officer.

- (b) Foreign government information shall be marked or classified at a level equivalent to that level of classification assigned by the originating foreign government.
- (c) Information assigned a level of classification under predecessor Executive Orders shall be considered as classified at that level of classification.

§ 17.26 Derivative classification.

- (a) Persons need not possess original classification authority to derivatively classify information based on source documents or classification guides.
- (b) Persons who apply derivative classification markings shall observe original classification decisions and carry forward to any newly created documents the pertinent classification markings.
- (c) Information classified derivatively from other classified information shall be classified and marked in accordance with the standards set forth in sections 2.1–2.3 of Executive Order 12958, the ISOO implementing directives in 32 CFR 2001.22, and internal Department directions provided by the Department Security Officer.

§ 17.27 Declassification and downgrading.

- (a) Classified information shall be declassified as soon as it no longer meets the standards for classification. Declassification and downgrading is governed by §3.1–3.3 of Executive Order 12958, implementing ISOO directives at 32 CFR 2001, subpart E, and applicable internal Department of Justice direction provided by the Department Security Officer.
- (b) Information shall be declassified or downgraded by the official who authorized the original classification if that official is still serving in the same position, the originator's successor, or a supervisory official of either, or by officials delegated such authority in writing by the Attorney General or the Assistant Attorney General for Administration.